# Environmental Sensitivity Mapping

Ainhoa González, School of Geography, University College Dublin

## **Collaborative partners**



Ainhoa González...Anna Rymzsewicz, Christina Kelly, David Jordan

A RO Justin Gleeson, Eoghan McCarthy...Katie Goodwin

Steering Committee: Tadhg O'Mahony (EPA), Tara Higgins (EPA), Cian O'Mahony (EPA), Gemma Weir (NPWS), Bernie Guest (Waterford Co.Co.), Saeed Khan (RPS), Des Cox (EirGrid), John Mc Cann (SEAI), Maria Byrne (OSi), Paul Scott (DHLPG)

**EPA STRIVE Research Programme & Ordnance Survey Ireland** 





## **SEA and Spatial Planning**



- Population and human health
- Biodiversity, flora, fauna
- Air and climate
- Soils and geology
- Water
- Landscape
- Cultural heritage
- Material assets
- Inter-relationships

#### Multiple considerations, spatial implications, consultation

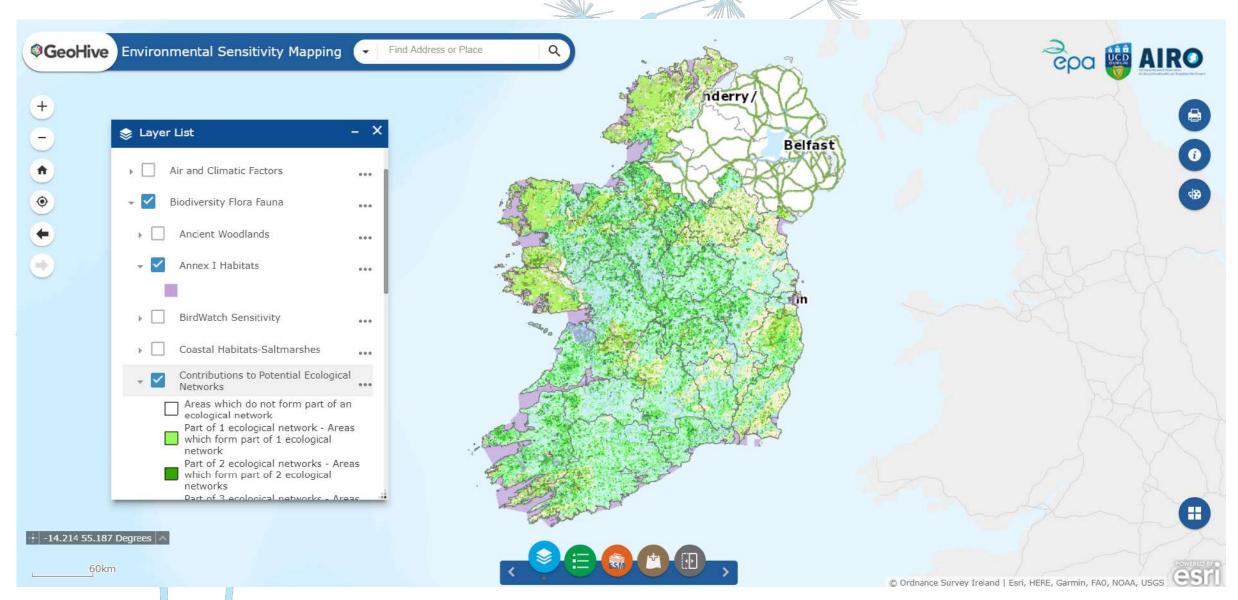
#### Spatial evidence-base for SEA and planning decisions

- Assessment consistency and transparency
- Intrinsic environmental conditions > susceptible to change
- ✓ Early-warning of potential land-use conflicts



## **Data Viewer**

#### Access, Visualisation, Discovery



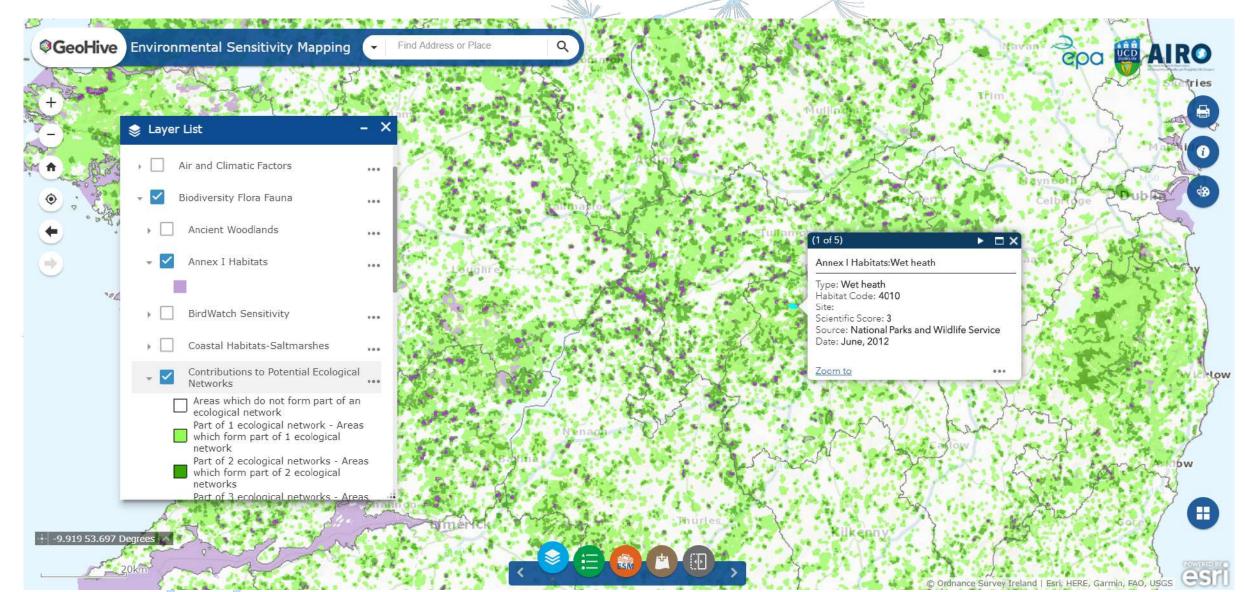
Air and Climate		
• Air zones		<b>UV</b>
Coal restricted areas		
Historical flood extents		Landscape
• Soil carbon (eco serv)		Landscape ch Material Assets
Vegetation carbon (eco serv)		
Water retention (eco serv)		Active quarrie
• Wind speeds	ž	• Airfields and a
Biodiversity, Flora & Fauna		Broadband ac
Ancient woodlands	1/200	• Current wind
<ul> <li>Annex I habitats (Habitats Direct)</li> </ul>		• Discharge lice
<ul> <li>Birdwatch sensitivity (to windfarms)</li> </ul>		• Extractive ind
<ul> <li>Coastal habitats – Saltmarshes</li> </ul>		• Historic mine
• Contributions to pot. ecological networks (eco serv)		• IPPC licences
Forest inventory		• Landfill sites
<ul> <li>Legally protected and policy relevant species (eco ser</li> </ul>	v) 🍝	• Licensed wast
<ul> <li>Margaritifera sensitive areas</li> </ul>		• Ports
• Natural Heritage Areas (NHAs)		Railway netwo
Proposed NHAs		Road network
Salmonid waters	Š	Settlements
• Special Areas of Conservation (SACs)	M	Waste water t
Special Protection Areas (SPAs)		Population and
• Terrestrial biodiversity (eco serv)		• Disability
• Woodland habitats		• General healt
Cultural Heritage		Pobal HP Dep
Irish landmark trust		• Housing stock
Museums, collections and archives		• Travel to work
• NIAH		• Labour force u
Sites and Monuments Record		Population ch
• Walled towns		Population de
World Heritage Sites		• WFD RPA Drin
wond hentage sites		

#### **Over 100 SEA-relevant Geospatial datasets**

dscape	Soils and Geology
ndscape character areas	• Bedrock
terial Assets	CORINE landcover
tive quarries	Geoparks
fields and airports	• Geosites
oadband access	<ul> <li>Landslide events and susceptibility</li> </ul>
rrent wind farms	Mineral locations
scharge licences	Outcrops
tractive industries register	• Peat bogs
storic mine districts	Soil permeability
PC licences	• Soils
ndfill sites	
ensed waste facilities	Water
rts	Aquifer vulnerability
ilway network	Bedrock aquifer
ad network	Biological Q values
ttlements	Hydrometric areas
aste water treatment plants and status	Groundwater source protection areas
ulation and Human Health	• Wetlands
sability	Water abstraction points
eneral health	<ul> <li>WFD high status objectives</li> </ul>
bal HP Deprivation Index	• WFD risk
ousing stock (vacant & holiday homes)	WFD status
avel to work >30min and >1hr	• WFD RPA: Nutrient sensitive WFD RPA: Recreational
bour force unemployed	waters
pulation change (percentage and total)	WFD RPA: Shellfish areas
pulation density per Km <sup>2</sup>	• WFD RPA: Water dependent habitats (SACs, SPAs)
FD RPA Drinking water (lakes, rivers and groundwater)	Water management Units

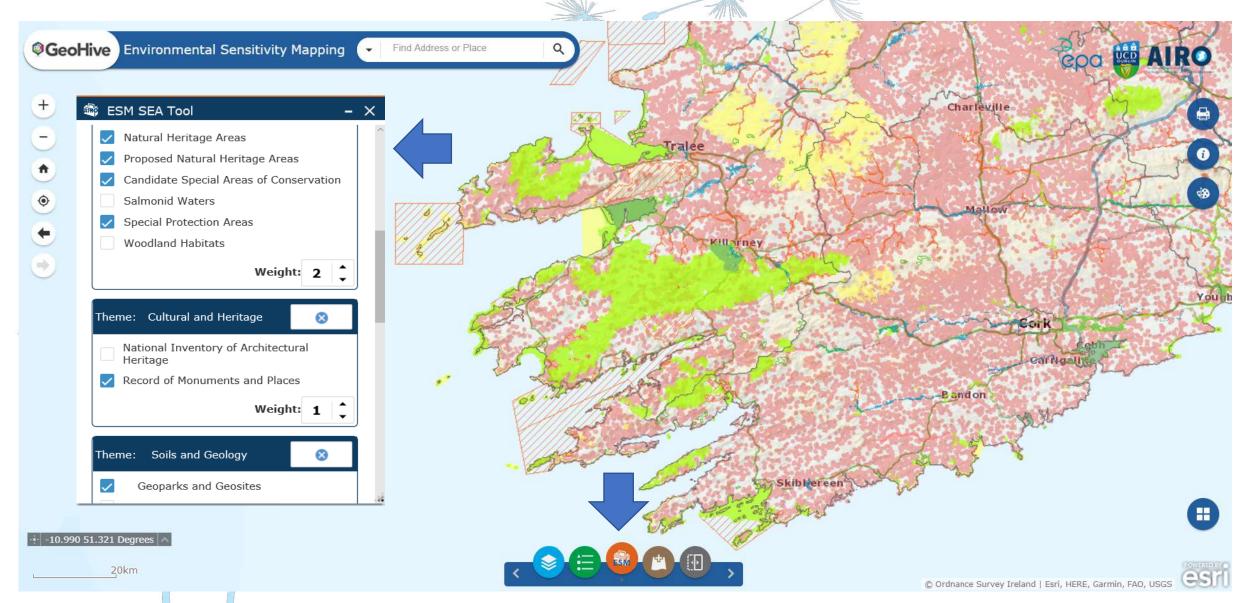
## **Data Viewer**

#### Access, Visualisation, Discovery



## **ESM Widget**

#### Bespoke geoprocessing tool



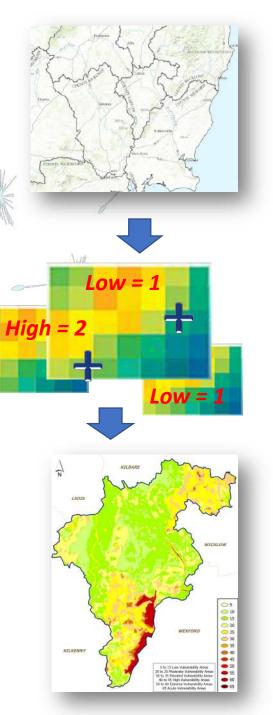
### ESM Widget Methodology

#### **Multi-criteria spatial analysis**

- Weighted linear algorithm
- Aggregation of multiple criteria
- Incorporation of stakeholders concerns or importance values in the form of weights

 $\mathbf{ES} = \sum_{j=1}^{n} \mathbf{WjVj}$ 

where ES = Environmental Sensitivity Wj = Environmental susceptibility of factor j according to scientific scores Vj = Environmental significance of factor j according to public/stakeholder opinion



## **Scientific Scores**

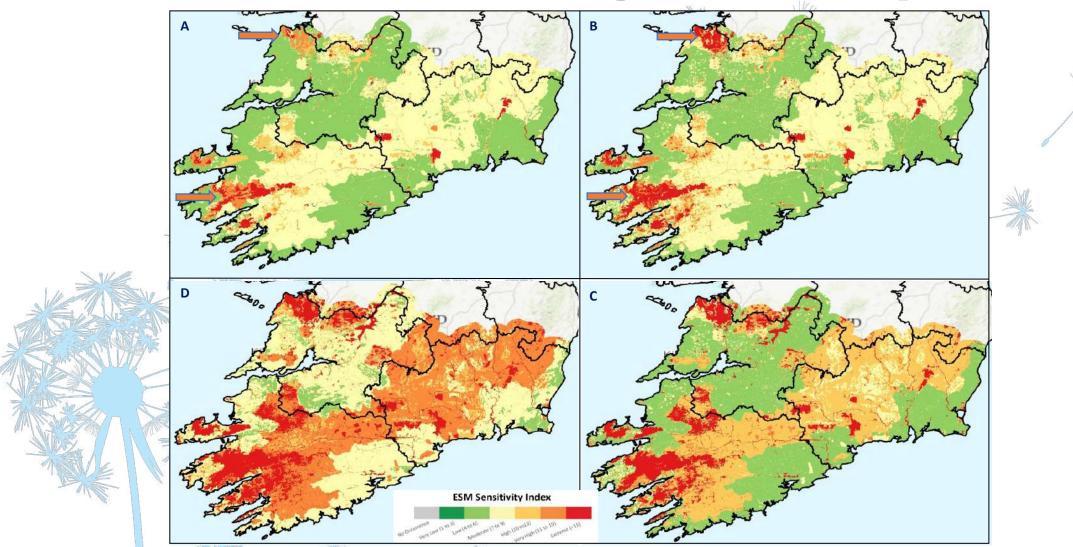
Based on conservation status, quality and risk

- Extensive consultation
- 3 stakeholder workshops development and testing of the webtool
- Over 40 stakeholders from government, local authorities, consultancies...SEAI, NPWS, NIEA, EirGrid...



Sensitivity Scores 1=Low, 2=Medium, 3=High	1	2	3
Population and Human Health			
% Population change 2006-2011 EDs			
Decreasing			
• Increasing			
Population density per sq km 2011 SAs			
•High			
•Low			
Total population 2011			
WFD RPA Groundwater drinking water			X
WFD RPA Surface water drinking water (Lakes)			X
WFD RPA Surface water drinking water (Rivers)			Х
Biodiversity, Flora and Fauna			
Ancient woodlands			
<ul> <li>Ancient Woodland</li> </ul>			X
<ul> <li>Possible Ancient Woodland</li> </ul>			X
<ul> <li>Long-established Woodland (LEW I)</li> </ul>		Х	
<ul> <li>Long-established Woodland (LEW II)</li> </ul>		X	
Habitat Directive Annex I Habitats			Х
BirdWatch sensitivity (to wind energy dev.)			
Coastal habitats (Saltmarshes)		Х	
Forest Inventory and Planning System			
Deciduous	x	Х	
Coniferous	^		
Margaritifera sensitive areas			
<ul> <li>Catchments of SAC populations listed in S.I.</li> </ul>			X
296 of 2009			
<ul> <li>Catchments of other extant populations</li> </ul>			X
<ul> <li>Catchments with previous records of</li> </ul>			
Margaritifera but current status unknown		X	
Natural Heritage Areas			X
Proposed Natural Heritage Areas		X	

### **Contextualising Sensitivity**



(a) biodiversity, flora and fauna and water sensitivities; (b) sensitivities associated biodiversity, water, cultural heritage and soils where all have the same weight/importance; (c) sensitivities associated with biodiversity, water, cultural heritage and soils where the biodiversity themes is given greater importance (i.e. a weight of 2); and d) sensitivities associated with biodiversity, water, cultural heritage and soils where the biodiversity and water themes are given greater importance (i.e. a weight of 2); and d) sensitivities associated with biodiversity, water, cultural heritage and soils where the biodiversity and water themes are given greater importance (i.e. a weight of 2).

#### National SEA Analysis (NPF)

## **ESM Output**

#### Transparency

- Map creator
- Date
- Selected datasets
- Applied weights

#### Comparability

Transboundary

When selecting same criteria and weights



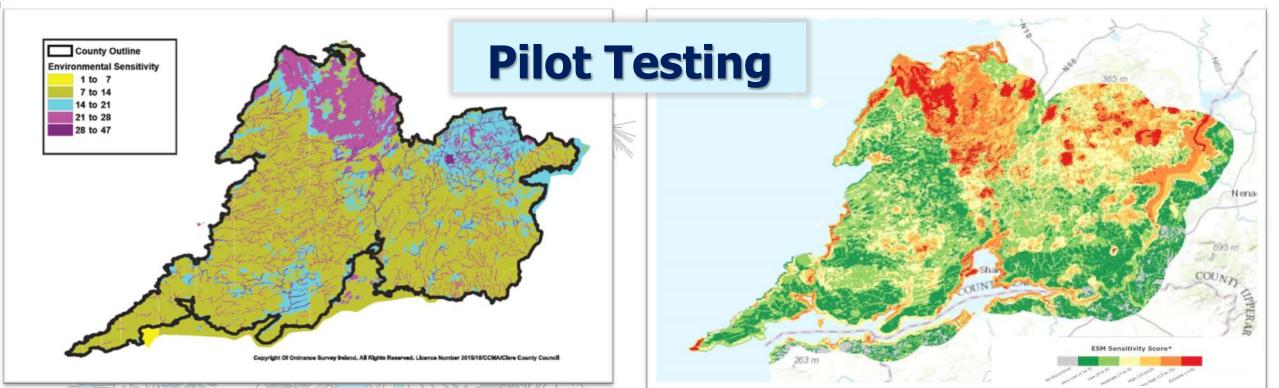
#### Date: 9/22/2019 Time: 2:16:21 PM Author: AIRO

\*This map is an aggregate result based on the variables and user defined weights listed below. Warning: Please note that weights are only to be used to emphasize the relative significance of an environmental aspect - applying weights to more than two themes would magnify, and possibly overstate, the overall sensitivity.

Air & Climactic, Weight: 1 Variables: Air Zones, Historical Flood Extents

Biodiversity, flora and fauna Weight: 1 Variables:	Ancient Woodlands, Annex I Habitats, Forest Inventory, Margarit/Fera Sensitive Areas, Natural Heritage Areas, Proposed Natural Heritage Areas, Special Areas of Conservation, Special Protection Areas
Cultural Heritage Weight: 1 Variables:	National Inventory of Architectural Heritage (NIAH),Sites and Monuments Record
Population and Human Health Weight: 1 Variables:	WFD RPA Groundwater Drinkling Water, WFD RPA Surface Water Drinkling Water (Lakes), WFD RPA Surface Water Drinkling Water (Rivers)
Soils and Geology Weight: 1 Variables:	Peat Bogs

Water Weight: 1 Variables: Aquifer Vulnerability, Groundwater Source Protection Areas, Wetlands, WFD RPA Recreational Waters (Coastal and Transtomal Water Bodies), WFD RPA Recreational Waters (Lakes), WFD RPA Water Dependent Habitats (SACs), WFD RPA Water Dependent Habitats (SPAS)



Quicker times No GIS expertise needed Better and comparable results Easier to analyse outputs

"The ESM output compares well and may actually be better than the inhouse process undertaken for the County Development Plan SEA."

"The sensitivity identifies areas where development would need to be carefully considered and sensitively planned."

"Access to multiple datasets all in one platform is an excellent resource."

Data scale and availability (e.g. LCAs) Double counting Weight for full exclusion Assessment scope

"Helpful tool for overall visual appreciation - really depends on the datasets."

"(...) Scale and resolution would however remain issues."

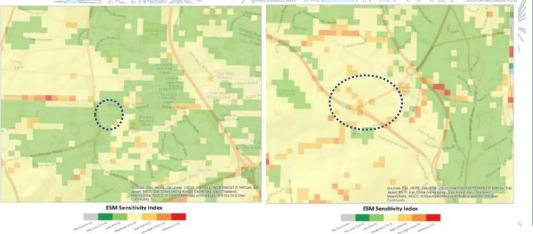
"I'm not sure it does anything more than what some local authorities do at this scale which is probably down to the detail of the datasets."

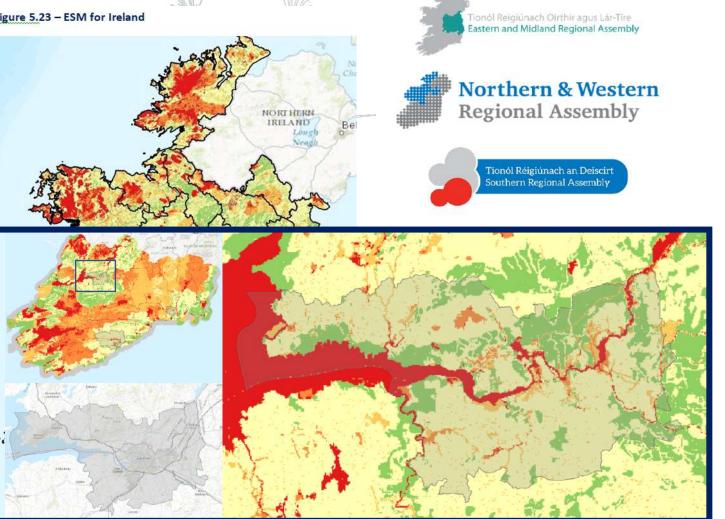
## **Real Life Applications: NPF & RSESs**

#### Table 5.16 - Data Variables used in the ESM Mapping

Figure 5.23 - ESM for Ireland

Theme	Weight	Variables	
Biodiversity, Flora and Fauna	2	Special Areas of Conservation, Special Protection Areas, Natural Heritage Areas, Proposed Natural Heritage Areas, <i>Margaritifera</i> Sensitive Areas, Ancient Woodlands, Annex I Habitats, Coastal Habitats - Saltmarshes, Forest Inventory Planning System, Salmonid Waters, Woodland Habitats	
Population and Human Health	1	WFD RPA Surface Water Drinking Water (Lakes), WFD RPA Surface Water Drinking Water (Rivers)	
Soils and Geology	1	Geoparks and Geosites, Peat Bogs, Soil Permeability	
Water	1	Aquifer Vulnerability, Bedrock Aquifer Susceptibility, Groundwater S Protection Areas, Wetlands, WFD Groundwater Status, WFD Lake Status River Status, WFD RPA Nutrient Sensitive Areas (Lakes), WFD RPA Nut Sensitive Areas (Rivers), WFD RPA Recreational Waters Coastal, WF Recreational Waters Lakes, WFD RPA Water Dependant Habitats (SPAs) RPA Water Dependant Habitats (SACs)	
Air and Climate	1	Historical Flood Extents	
Cultural Heritage	1	1 National Inventory of Architectural Heritage, Record of Monuments and Places	





"In preparing the NPF, an Environmental Sensitivity Mapping (ESM) tool was used in the SEA and environmental assessments. ESM is a method for identifying at a strategic level, environmentally sensitive areas and to help inform cumulative and in-combination effects on the environment. It also provides a visual overview of the relative sensitivity of areas, particularly where they overlap, in order to provide a more strategic and informed approach to planning" (NPF, Chapter 11.1, p.15).

## **Dissemination and peer-review**

#### Final Research Report

Developing and Testing an Environmental Sensitivity Mapping Webtool to Support Strategic Environmental Assessment in Ireland

#### 4 peer-reviewer international papers

- ✓ González, A (2017). A conceptualisation framework for building consensus on environmental sensitivity. Journal of Environmental Management, 200: 114-122.
- ✓ González, A (2017). Mapping environmental sensitivity: A systematic online approach to support environmental assessment and planning. *Environmental Impact Assessment Review*, 66, 86-98.
- González, A, Gleeson, J and McCarthy, E (2019). Designing and developing a web tool to support Strategic Environmental Assessment. *Environmental Modelling & Software*, 111: 472-482
- ✓ González, A, Kelly, C and Rymszewicz, A (under review). Advancements in interactive Web-mapping tools and potential to support terrestrial and marine spatial planning practice. *Transactions in GIS*.

#### • 8 conference presentations: ESRI International, IAIA, IRLOGI, etc.

## **Game changer?**

- Publicly available
- Evidence-based assessments and decisions
- Efficiency...time and cost savings
- Good governance consistency, transparency, comparability

• Exploratory rather than definitive answers...data limitations, subjective but not arbitrary weights influencing outputs

- Future developments
  - Offshore (marine data)...Northern Ireland
  - Support tool for the preparation of LARES (SEAI-funded)

#### **SEA and planning support tool**

# ESM Webtool

Bringing environmental assessment to your fingertips

### www.enviromap.ie

